US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

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Rec	ord	No.	

Review	No.	
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105001 Shaughnessey No.

EEB REVIEW

DATE: IN August 3, 1988 OUT December 15, 1988				
FILE OR REG. NO. 241-GRU				
PETITION OR EXP. NO.				
DATE OF SUBMISSION June 10, 1988				
DATE RECEIVED BY EFED August 2, 1988				
RD REQUESTED COMPLETION DATA August 29, 1988				
EEB ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE August 29, 1988				
RD ACTION CODE/TYPE OF REVIEW 165				
TYPE PRODUCTS(S): I, D, H, F, N, R, S <u>Insecticide/Nematicide</u>				
DATA ACCESSION NO(S). 406607-08				
PRODUCT MANAGER NO. J. Tice / M. Mautz				
PRODUCT NAME(S) Counter XL				
COMPANY NAME American Cyanamid Company				
SUBMISSION PURPOSE Proposed new formulation (20G) for use on corn, sorghum and sugar beets. Response to previous EEB review				
SHAUGHNESSEY NO. CHEMICAL AND FORMULATION % A.I.				

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

1. TEST MATERIAL

Terbufos

(S-[[(1,1-dimethylthyl)thio]methyl]0,0-diethyl phosphorodithioate)

2. STUDY MATERIAL - Counter 20P

Terbufos 20 W/W % Inert ingredients 80 100%

3. STUDY TYPE- Avian Dietary Single-dose Oral ${\rm LD}_{50}$. Species tested-

Bobwhite quail

Colinus virginianus

4. STUDY IDENTIFICATION:

Fletcher, D.W. 1987. 21-day acute oral toxicity study with Counter 20P in Bobwhite quail. Bio-Life Associates, Ltd. Submitted by American Cyanamid Company, Princeton, NJ MRID 406607-08.

5. REVIEW BY:

James J. Goodyear Biologist Ecological Effects Branch Environmental Fate and Effects Division (TS-796C)

Signature:

ate: Sept 3

30,1988

6. APPROVED BY:

Raymond W. Matheny Head, Section 1 Ecological Effects Branch Environmental Fate and Effects Division (TS-796C)

Signature:

+6.

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7. CONCLUSIONS:

The study is scientifically sound and meets Avian Single-Dose Oral $\rm LD_{50}$ guidelines for the registration of Counter 20P. Because the study found an $\rm LD_{50}$ of 269.0 mg/kg, Terbufos 20P is considered to be moderately toxic to bobwhite quail.

8. RECOMMENDATIONS- N/A.

9. BACKGROUND:

The study was submitted to meet the requirements of registration for Counter 20P.

10. DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TEST- N/A.

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test animals:

Bobwhite quail (21 weeks old) from Oak Ridge Game Farm, Route 2, Gravette, Arkansas 72736.

B. Dose:

Counter 20P was administered in five dosages (147, 215, 316, 464 and 681 mg/kg).

C. Design:

There were five test groups of five male and five females (one for each for each test level) plus a control group of five males and five females housed in a 53.3 cm x 45.7 cm x 38.1 cm pens in a heated room in which lighting "was provided by fluorescent lights which were left on eight hours per day. The birds were observed and acclimated for 15 days and fasted for 22 hours before the dosing with gelatin capsules.

D. Statistics:

Litchfield, J.T., Jr. and F. Wilcoxon. 1949. A simplified method of evaluating dose-effect experiments. J. Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics. Vol. 96.

12. REPORTED RESULTS:

 $LD_{50} = 269.0 \text{ mg/kg}$ 95% C.I. = 228.0 - 317.4 mg/kg The NOEL was not given.

13. STUDY AUTHORS' CONCLUSIONS/QA MEASURES:

"The acute oral median LD_{50} of Counter 20P in Bobwhite quail was determined to be 269.0 mg/kg of body weight with 95% confidence limits of 228.0 to 317.4 mg/kg of body weight", and that,

"In accordance with Bio-Life Associates, Ltd. Laboratories' intent that all toxicity tests conducted by our facility follow good laboratory practices, Bio-

Life Associates, Ltd's study director for the above test herein confirms that the study was conducted in compliance with the US EPA Good Laboratory Practice Regulations; Pesticide Programs (40 CFR 160)."

14. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION OF THE STUDY:

A. Test Procedures:

The procedures were not in complete accordance with the guidelines for testing avian single-dose oral LD50.

Errors include; the chemical names of the pesticide were not given, it was not specifically stated if the test was done with the end-use product or the technical grade chemical and the per cent of active ingredient in the test substance was not given. However, Marilyn Mautz of the Registration Division contacted the Cyanimid Company and found that all dosages and the ${\rm LD}_{50}$ are in milligrams of end-use product.

Only eight hours of light (rather than ten) were provided. The report only states that lighting was provided for eight hours per day, not that an 8 hour light / 16 hour dark photoperiod was provided. This leaves open the possibility that the room had natural light and, therefore, the ducks had a natural photoperiod. This might be of major importance in an avian dietary study but it is considered to be of minor importance in this acute toxicity study.

B. Statistical Analysis:

The LD_{50} was calculated from the registrant's data using a computer program from "Stephan, <u>et al</u>. 1978. Computer program for calculating LD_{50} ; probit method". The LD_{50} of the formulated product was found to be 250.0 (147 - 464) mg (EUP)/kg

C. Discussion/Results:

Counter 20P may be characterized as being "moderately toxic" orally to bobwhite quail.

D. Adequacy of the Study:

Classification - Core.

<u>Rational</u>- The study was scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements for the registration of Counter 20P.

Repair- N/A.

- 15. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER FOR STUDY: Yes, see attached sheets.
- 16. CBI APPENDIX- N/A.